

Modes of Operation

Mode 1 - Electronic Code Book(ECB) Mode

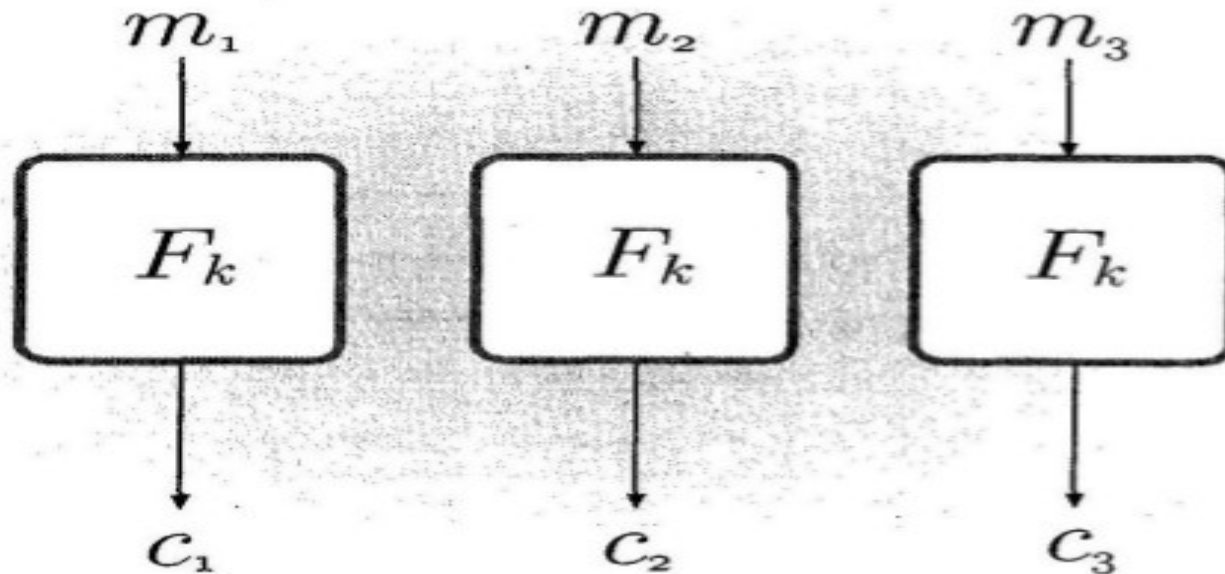
Mode 2 – Cipher Block Chaining(CBC) Mode

Mode 3 – Output Feedback(OFB) Mode

Mode 4 – Counter(CTR) Mode

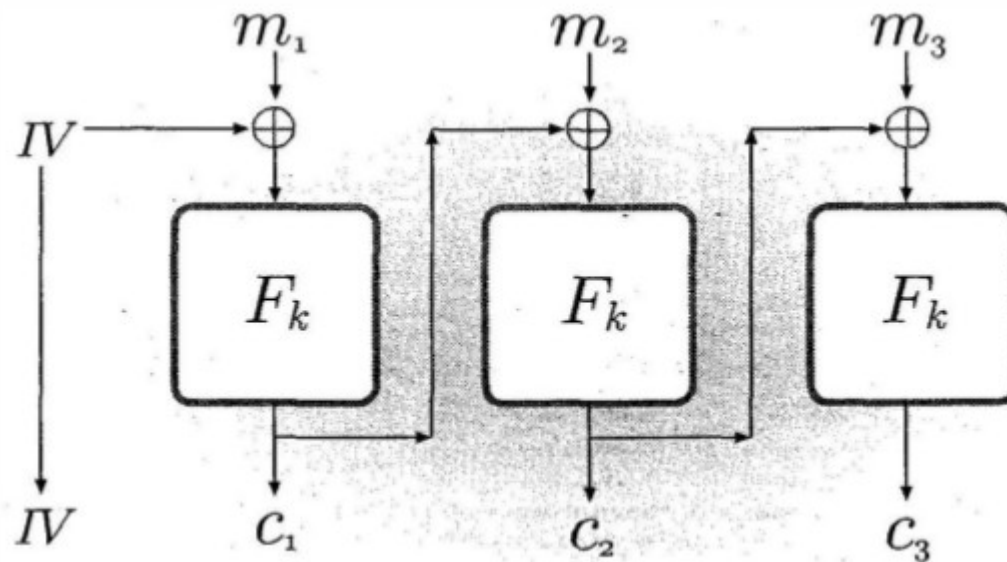
Electronic Code Book(ECB) Mode

- Plaintext 'm' is divided into 'l' blocks.
- Each block is encrypted separately using Pseudorandom Permutation F_k to generate 'l' cipher's.
- This 'l' ciphers are combined into single cipher 'c'.



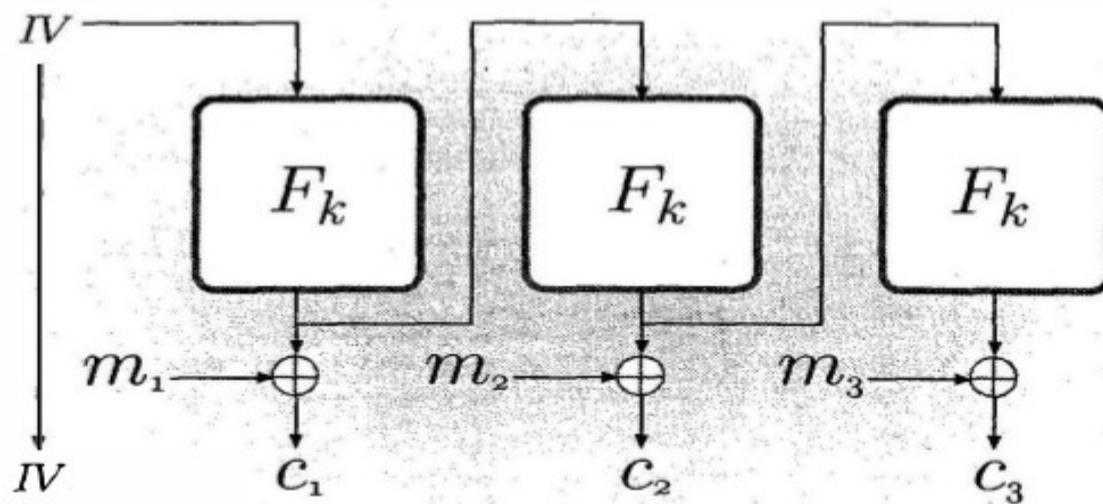
Cipher Block Chaining(CBC) Mode

- Plaintext 'm' is divided into 'l' blocks into $m_1, m_2, \dots, m_l$.
- ' m_1 ' XOR IV(random Initialization Vector) is passed to F_k to get ' c_1 ' and cycle is repeated for all m_l .



Output Feedback(OFB) Mode

- Plaintext 'm' is divided into 'l' blocks into $m_1, m_2, \dots, m_l$.
- Random Initialization vector(IV) is passed to F_k .
- ' m_1 ' XOR with output of F_k to get ' c_1 ' and cycle is repeated for all m_i 's.



Counter(CTR) Mode

- Plaintext 'm' is divided into 'l' blocks into $m_1, m_2, \dots, m_l$.
- Random Initialization vector(ctr+1) is passed to F_k and ctr is incremented.
- 'm1' XOR with output of F_k to get 'c1' and cycle is repeated for all m_i 's.

